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# AYURVEDIC MANAGEMENT OF INFERTILITY ASSOCIATED WITH POLYCYSTIC OVARIAN SYNDROME.

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#### **Abstract**

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#### \$Introduction -

W One of the most common health problems that married couples deals with is infertility. Infertility is defined as the inability of couple to achieve conception after 1 year of unprotected coitus. In India, According to World Health Organization. The overall prevalance of infertility lies in between 3.9% and 16.8%. A critical evaluation shows ,female Its directly responsible in 40 -50% cases of infertility. According to FIGO, Ovulatory dysfunction contributes to 30-40% in female Infertility.

Amoung anovulatory causes of infertility. Poly Cystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS) plays major role. Diagnosis of PCOS is based on anovulation, elevated androgen levels and presence of multiple ovarian cysts on USG findings. Most of the time these conditions are presented with signs and symptoms such as obesity, amenorrhoea, hirsutism, menstrual fregularities are oligomenorrhoea, sometimes menorrhagia. Women with PCOS are more likely to suffer from depression, anxiety, strain relationship, decrease quality of life, disordered eating and pschychosexual dysfunctions.

In mordern science treatment recommonded is harmonal therapy and other drugs which cause adverse effect in course of life. Rising in prevalance of PCOS has become great cause of health concern as it is increasing incidences in infertility and metabolic syndrome that insulin resistance Diabetes and Dislipidaemia at yonger age.

th According to Ayurveda the PCOS involves Kapha and Vata Dosha. Meda, Mansa, Rakta Dhatu. In general it is is onsidered as Bahudoshavastha, for which Ayurveda can play important role. Especially Panchakarma can have better tesult which includes Vaman, Virechan, Anuvasan, Niruh, Nasya, along with Shaman drugs can give better result.

#### *ò***Aim** and objectives

To evaluate the efficacy of Shodhan and Shaman Chikitsa in Infertility associated with PCOS.

#### **Objective**

To propose Ayurvedic treatment for infertility associated with PCOS.

#### Material and methods-

For all the procedures various Ayurvedic texts are reffered.

Literary information about study has complited from Ayurvedic texts.

Case history-

A 32 year old female pateint came in to the OPD Prasuti- Tantra at YMT Ayurvedic medical college and hospital on dated 20 feb 2022.

She is willing for child from 3 years,

Increase in weight by 12 kg in last 6 months,

History of scanty menses (spotting for 3 days )in last 2-3 cycles .

History of prolonoged menses for 10 days 6 months back.

Acanthosis nigricans on neck since 6 months.

Acne on face.

With these complaints patient came in PTSR -OPD for consultation and further mangement.

# Family History -

No relevant family history.

#### **Menstrual Histoy-**

Menarche - At age of 12 years.

**Past Menstrual History**- Regular ,Moderate (2-3 pads fully soaked per day), Painless **Present Mentrual History**- Irregular , Scanty, Spotting , Painless.

LMP -4/2/2022

LLMP- 12/12/2021

**Present Medical Illness** - Increased weight gain by 12 kg in 6 months.

H/O Scanty menses (spotting for 3 days) in last 2-3 cycles.

Past Medical Illness - No History Of DM, Thyroid, Asthama, Koch's Any Other Majour Illness.

Past Surgical History- No Any Past Surgical history.

Marital Status - Married since 4 years.

Coital History- 2 times in week.

**Contraceptive History** - Not practising any of contraceptive methods by both the partners.

**O/H** - G0 P0 A0 L0 D0

# **Physical Examination -**

General Examination -

Build-Average,

Nutritional status - Satisfactory

Pallor - Absent

BP- 120-70 mmHg

Pulse -78/min

Height - 160cm

Weight - 73.4kg

Temperature- Afebrile

Respiration Rate- 20/min

#### **Systemic Examination -**

CVS -Chest sounds (S1S2) - Normal

RS: Chest - B/L Clear, air entry adequate, no added sound.

Per Abdomen - soft, Non tender.

# **Genitourinary Examination -**

Inspection - Vulva - Normal, Healthy.

Per speculum- No Erosion, No discharges.

Palpitations- Uterus retroverted, b/l fornices clear.

#### Investigations-

USG (pelvis) done on 2/1/2022 Suggestive of -Uterus is normal in size, shape and echotexutre.

The uterus measures 8.2 x 4.0 x 3.2 cm in size and ET 6.7mm.

Both ovaries are enlarged with multiple small peripheral follicles and central echogenic stroma.

Right overy 4.0X3.2x 1.9 cm (Vol 12.5CC)

Left ovary- 3.7 x 3.5 x 2.3 cm (Vol - 15cc)

Semen Analysis of her husband was normal.

PS PV done findings was normal.

In HSG -B/L fallopian tube, Uterus is normal.

#### Treatment-

*Medohar Guggula* 250mg - 2TDS before food with water - Anti obesity herb, it stimulates fat metabolism and burns excess fat in body.

Aarogyavardhini Vati 250 mg- 2 TDS before food with water- improves body metabolism

*Chandraprabha vati* 250mg-2*TDS* before food with water -Stimulates ovary and reproductive organ. Eliminates toxins from body and help to loose weight .

Kanchanar guggul 250mg -2 TDS before food with water-It reduces swellings and lumps by drying the excess Kapha and fluid in the body. It contains ingredients which show anti-inflammatory, anti-tumor, diuretic properties that help to promote healthy function of the body.

Kuberaksha vati 250 mg- 2 TDS before food with water-Effective against colic pain, polycystic syndrome (PCOD), stomach pain, indigestion, ovarian cyst and other uterine pains and disorders.

Rasapachak vati 250 mg- 2 TDS before food with water- Reduces Paanduta (anemia), Strotorodha (clears out body channels). It is Malanulomaka (clears stagnant Mala), Dipana-Pachana (improves digestive fire), normalizes vitiated Kapaha-Pitta Dosha.

Above drugs are given for 3 months. Patient enrolled for *Panchakarama Chikitsa* which include *Sthanik Snehan*, *Swedan and Yogbasti*.

Sthanika Snehana with Tila Taila and Sthanika Swedana by Dashmula Kwatha.

Anuvasan Basti was given 120ml Sahachara Tail After food by anal route on 1st ,3rd,5th,7th,8th day.

Niruha Basti was given by 650 ml Dashmul Kwatha empty stomach on 2nd,4 th, 6th day

3 cycles of *Uttarbasti* are also given after *Yogbasti* for 5 days after stoppage of menses.

First 2 days with Kshar Taila and last 3 days with Phalghruta.

# **Observations & results -**

Symptoms like weight gain, irregular menses are relived. Menstrual flow comes to normal .Menstrual cycle is restored again to 25-30 days per month .She can do her routine work without any stress a Hair loss was reduced.

Patient's UPT came positive on 19/11/22.

#### **Discussion -**

Diagnosis was confirmed as Primary Infertility with PCOS. The *Nidana* (causative factors) attributed could be *Avyayama* (sedentary Lifestyle) & intake of excess and *Abhishyandi Ahara* leading to *Kapha Medo Dushti* and *Srotorodha*. Here movement of *Vata* especially *Apana Vata* got obstructed by increased *Kapha Dosha* which in turn obstructed natural functioning of *Artava*. According to *Ayurveda* disintegration of *Samprapti* is the way to treat any disease. In this case we can consider *Kapha* and *Vata* as *Dosha* and *Rasa*, *Rakta*, *Mansa*, *Meda As Dooshya*. *Rasvaha*, *Raktavaha*, *Mansavaha*, *Medovaha and Artav*aha *Strotas* are involved in pathogenesis. *Sanga* (blockage) & *Granthi* (cyst) can considered as their *Dushti Karan*. Site of origin of disease *Kostha* and specific site of manifestation is *Travartya Yoni*(Uterus).

The obstructed *Vata* accumulates *Kapha* in channels of *Vata* especially in *Artavavaha Strotas*. The combination of medicines *Mehohar Guggula, Kanchanar Guggula, Kuberaksha Vati* restores fat metabolism and *Kaphahara* properties. Along with *Raspachaka vati* which relives *Strotorodha*.

Once expected outcome from Above medicines is obtained next phase *Shodhan Chikitsa* that is *Panchakarma* which includes *Yogabasti* after *Uttarbasti*. Results there in acceleration and maturation of Graffian folllicles and ovulation.yoga and exercise will help in reduction of fat deposition. She was given *Phalasarpisa* to improve quality of endometrium and achieving *Garbhadhana*.

Urine pregnancy test was suggested after a week on absence of meness and result found to be positive. Usg done on 25/12/2022 suggestive of single intrauterine gestation sac with 6 weeks 5 days.

#### Conclusion-

This case report shows, how to manage primary Infertity associated with PCOS effectively *Ayurvedic* treatment .The result obtained in this single case study is encouraging and protocol followed here may be subjected for trial in larger samples.

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