



# ENHANCE REMOTE HIRING: USING AI-POWERED VIRTUAL INTERVIEWS FOR EFFICIENT TALENT ACQUISITION

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**Abstract**-This report presents the design, development, and evaluation of an innovative virtual interview application aimed at revolutionizing the interview process across various use cases, including job interviews and college admissions. The application leverages cutting edge technologies such as ChatGPT, Node.js, React.js, AWS, and Asp. Net, C# and MongoDB to streamline the interview process, enhance candidate assessment, improve the candidate experience, and reduce organizational costs. The rapid evolution of recruitment and hiring practices, accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic, has necessitated the adoption of virtual interview solutions to accommodate remote work and social distancing measures. This transformation has led to the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) and natural language processing (NLP) technologies into recruitment processes, facilitating automated candidate assessment. The virtual interview application developed in this study prioritizes user experience and efficiency. Through a user-friendly interface and seamless interaction, candidates can engage in dynamic interviews from the comfort of their own environments. The application automates various tasks such as interview scheduling, question selection, and candidate scoring, resulting in significant time savings for both interviewers and candidates. The development process follows a structured approach, encompassing requirement analysis, design, development, and testing, deployment, and evaluation phases. Usability testing and feedback collection from stakeholders contribute to iterative improvements, ensuring that the application meets user expectations and regulatory compliance. Significance lies in the application's potential to optimize traditional interview processes, leading to efficiency gains, cost reduction, and enhanced candidate experience. By showcasing the integration of advanced technologies and addressing legal and ethical considerations, this study contributes to the fields of Human Resources (HR) and Educational Technology (EdTech), paving the way for future innovations.

**Keywords** - ChatGPT, AI-driven, UI/UX Design, User centric, Agile.

## I. INTRODUCTION

### Traditional Interview Processes

In the realm of recruitment and admissions, traditional interview processes serve as fundamental gateways for assessing candidates' suitability for roles or educational programs. These processes typically entail a series of manual steps, beginning with candidate sourcing through methods such as job postings, referrals, or recruitment agencies. Following this, resumes are meticulously screened to shortlist candidates based on qualifications and experiences. Subsequently, phone screenings may be conducted to assess basic qualifications and communication skills before inviting candidates for in person interviews. Finally, decisions are made based on interview performances, reference checks, and hiring managers' discretion.

### The Role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Recruitment

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has emerged as a transformative force in various industries, including recruitment. In the context of recruitment, AI technologies offer unprecedented opportunities to streamline processes, enhance decision-making, and mitigate biases. AI-powered tools can analyze vast amounts of data, including resumes, job descriptions, and candidate interactions, to identify patterns and predict candidate suitability. One of the key applications of AI in recruitment is in the screening and shortlisting of candidates. AI algorithms can efficiently analyze resumes and identify candidates who meet specific criteria, thereby saving time

and reducing human bias. Additionally, AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants can engage with candidates, answer questions, and schedule interviews, providing seamless and personalized experience.

### Evolution towards AI-Based Virtual Interviews

With advancements in technology and the increasing adoption of remote work and learning, there has been a growing interest in AI-based virtual interviews. Virtual interviews leverage AI technologies to facilitate remote interactions between candidates and interviewers, eliminating geographical barriers and offering greater flexibility.

AI-based virtual interviews encompass various formats, including video interviews, chatbot interviews, and automated assessments. These interviews often utilize natural language processing (NLP) and machine learning algorithms to analyze candidate responses, assess skills, and provide real-time feedback. Additionally, virtual interviews can be augmented with features such as facial recognition, sentiment analysis, and eye-tracking to gauge candidate engagement and emotions.

## II. RELATED WORK

A popular web-based tool that works with Microsoft Office, Microsoft SharePoint provides document features for workflow automation, version control, and administration that are appropriate for cooperation inside groups. Cloud-based document management is made possible by Google Workspace (previously G Suite) through Google Drive provides users and teams with storage, versioning, and collaboration tools to work on documents instantly. Alfresco is an open-source platform that facilitates collaboration and document management. Characteristics that are tailored to enterprises, like workflow management, records management, looking for scalable and adaptable solutions. DocuWare provides feature-rich document management systems. Such as process automation, document capture, indexing, and interaction with several business apps, appropriate for enterprises needing effective document management.

M-Files is a metadata-driven document management system with an emphasis on providing features such as real-time collaboration, workflow automation, and version control. Arranging information according to its context rather than its location. For companies requiring sophisticated PDF management capabilities, Adobe Document Cloud provides tools for generating, editing, and managing PDF documents with features like electronic signatures, document tracking, and real-time collaboration. Small and medium-sized enterprises can utilize Zoho Docs, a cloud-based platform for document management and collaboration, which offers capabilities like version control, sharing, editing, and real-time collaboration. With capabilities like file synchronization, sharing, and version history, Dropbox Business provides cloud-based file storage and collaboration for organizations in need of straightforward and easy-to-use document management solutions.

Large enterprises needing scalable and configurable content management solutions can use IBM FileNet, an enterprise content management system with features for document management, workflow automation, and records management.

M. Ismael, L. Okumus, "Design and implementation of an electronic document management system. Mehmet" Akif Ersoy Üniversitesi Uygulamalı Bilimler Dergisi. 2017, vol.1, no.1, pp. :9-17. <https://doi.org/10.31200/makuubd.321093> addressed the challenge of using the paper concept of document and record management to design and implement an Electronic Document Management System. The authors analysed the current system and specified the requirement for developing the desktop application of EDMS based on the resources available. Furthermore, the requirement gathering and data analysis phase was carried out through the process of interview method and analysis of existing documents in the organization. The system architecture was designed and developed having three modules namely document management, document storage, document retrieval and sharing as well as other features such as the digital signature verification feature. However, the implemented desktop-based EDMS was tested and used by 30 users. [4] Investigated the current electronic EDMS in enterprises, particularly construction firms. Companies. The case study employed, attempted to evaluate "Aconex EDMS" with requirements, difficulties, and advantages, elicited from the contemporary Sri Lankan construction sector. A semi-structured interview and a questionnaire survey were used to perform the study. The paper also discussed the effective way of evaluating the EDMS using the technology acceptance model of the Information system theory. The findings of the study established the fact that the use of the document management system is beneficial and reduces complexity. [43] Argued that managing information-containing electronic records and document management systems is important for educational institutions. To analyze and assess the current records and archive system at the University, the author conducted a study. A model was suggested for use by all Turkish universities to implement the records and archive processes following the principles and practices of records and archives management. However, when creating the application for the polytechnic institution, the Özdemirci's model was taken into account, and new features were included.

Airlangga University began working on its own Electronic Document Management (EDM) as E-office at the end of 2013. This is because the application known as SIKD was deemed too wide and did not meet its needs. Moreover, the initial E-office system was developed and evaluated by students using Technology Acceptance Model (TAM). The result yields a 3.41 average mean value which saw an overall acceptance rate of the EDMS by the university community. However, the system requires modifications and improvements. Furthermore, an additional investigation on Electronic Document Management (EDM) was conducted in 2015 [47]. The author used a quantitative technique in the study using a questionnaire tool with 36 responses. After successful implementation, the data was analysed using DeLeon and McLean's information system theory model. The outcome of the implementation demonstrates a statistically significant correlation between system quality and intention to use, information quality and user satisfaction, system quality and intention to use, and intention to use with net profit of 75% success rate. [48] addressed the issue of ineffective and inefficient storage as well as the time and cost during the process of document retrieval and storage. The author used descriptive methodologies and a qualitative approach in the study. Similar to this, information was

gathered through a combination of field observations, interviews, and document analysis.

“Electronic document management system for Kırıkkale University” investigated the issues of producing, sharing, copying and archiving manually or semi-automated in an ineffective manner. The N-tier architecture of the proposed system was designed using JavaScript, ASP.net and C# program language. The author developed a web-based EDMS application for Kırıkkale University that is readily available. The developed system is ubiquitous and can be accessed from any location within and outside the university using any internet-enabled mobile device. However, the developed system lacks adequate security for document control, access and retrieval. The limitation posed by this system spurred the design and implementation of EDMS with enhanced security features being implemented by Mahmood and Okumus. [50] examined the issues facing organizations in Nigeria when it comes to maintaining proper and secure document management. The goal of the work was aimed at creating and implementing an improved document management system for a government organization. The author employed an object-oriented Analysis and development methodology (OOADM) approach using a waterfall method and designed the system. using Unified modelling language. Moreover, the author developed a three-tier system architecture using HTML, CSS, JavaScript with PHP programming language and MySQL for the programming and designing of its database. The result from the study shows that the developed document system helps in the efficient and secure organization of the organization's documents and records.

A machine learning method for predicting the analysis of strokes is provided by G. Fang et al. [12], utilizing a dataset that protected patient records from 467 hospitals. The usage of Random forest (RF) classifiers, they have been able to detect reperfusion of vascular infarction (RVISINF) with the fine accuracy.

Despite these consistent problems associated with poor document management within an organization, the administrators, students, workers and the public irrespective of their domain application still implements most document management and organization using a manual system or pattern that uses a book register to track the application procedure for documents that are not yet implemented. Here, documents applications such as letters, memos, drafts and classified information documents are received, recorded and approved by some people at the Centre. All document application types must wait until they return before being accepted, documented, and authorized; otherwise, unforeseen delays in document approval will occur. The system's primary flaw, however, is that it was all primarily centered on the dispersal and circulation of information. No current works have examined the use of the internet as a tool for omnipresent data production, access, update, or deletion, especially in our public workspace, government, and higher education institutions.

### III. PROPOSED WORK

#### Advantages of AI-Based Virtual Interviews

AI-based virtual interviews offer several advantages over traditional interview processes. Firstly, they are more convenient and flexible, allowing candidates to participate from anywhere with an internet connection. This expanded reach can attract a diverse pool of candidates and facilitate global talent acquisition.

Secondly, AI-based virtual interviews enable objective and consistent evaluation of candidates. By standardizing assessment criteria and leveraging AI algorithms for analysis, virtual interviews can reduce biases and ensure fairness in candidate evaluation. Additionally, virtual interviews offer greater scalability, allowing organizations to efficiently handle large volumes of candidates while maintaining quality and consistency. HAR Innovation's flagship interview solutions, highlighting their key features, functionalities, and value propositions in addressing common challenges faced by organizations in the recruitment process.

#### Virtual Interview Platform

HAR Innovation's virtual interview platform offers a comprehensive suite of tools and features for conducting remote interviews seamlessly. From video conferencing capabilities to interactive assessment tools, the platform enhances the interview experience for both interviewers and candidates, facilitating efficient communication and evaluation regardless of geographical barriers.

#### Post-Interview Analysis Tool

HAR Innovation's post-interview analysis tool provides valuable insights and analytics based on interview performance, candidate feedback, and assessment data. By leveraging advanced algorithms and data analytics, the tool empowers organizations to make informed hiring decisions, identify top talent, and optimize recruitment strategies for future success.

#### Literature Review

The literature review of this report aims to contextualize the virtual interview application within the broader framework of existing research and published work related to recruitment, admissions, virtual interviews, AI-driven assessment tools, and the integration of technology in HR and education sectors. By synthesizing insights from relevant studies and publications, this section provides a comprehensive understanding of the current state of the field and identifies key trends, challenges, and opportunities that inform the development of the virtual interview application.

## Virtual Interviews and Remote Hiring

Recent literature indicates a notable surge in the adoption of virtual interviews, particularly accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on traditional recruitment processes (McFarland, L. A. 2020). Scholars emphasize the advantages of virtual interviews in sustaining hiring operations, reducing physical interactions, and accommodating remote work environments (Galanti, TeresaMPsyc July 2021). Additionally, research underscores the importance of optimizing virtual Interview

### Impact of AI on HR

AI has significantly transformed HR functions, particularly in recruitment processes. By automating repetitive tasks such as resume screening and candidate sourcing, AI enables HR professionals to focus on strategic initiatives. Moreover, AI algorithms help mitigate biases in recruitment by objectively analyzing candidate data and identifying top candidates based on qualifications and skills (Michael S. Cole 2008).

### Case Studies and Industry Examples

Numerous organizations have successfully leveraged AI in their recruitment processes, yielding notable benefits in terms of efficiency, accuracy, and cost-effectiveness (Savola, Hannimari 2020). For instance, IBM's Watson Recruitment utilizes AI algorithms to analyze resumes and predict candidate success, resulting in significant reductions in time-to-fill and improvements in candidate quality (Nigel G uenole 2017).

### AI in Recruitment and Assessment

The integration of AI and NLP technologies in recruitment processes has gained prominence, demonstrating efficacy in analyzing candidate responses, resumes, and online profiles to assess qualifications and skills objectively (Markus Langer, 2017). These AI-driven assessment tools expedite screening processes and mitigate human biases in hiring decisions, albeit ethical considerations regarding fairness, transparency, and compliance remain paramount.

### Chatbots and Conversational AI

Chatbots and conversational AI have emerged as essential components of virtual interview platforms, facilitating real-time interactions between candidates and interviewers (Rane, Nitin, 2023). NLP, machine learning, and deep learning techniques play pivotal roles in creating dynamic conversations, posing interview questions, and evaluating responses. The ability of chatbots to simulate human-like interactions enhances candidate engagement and contributes to positive virtual interview experiences (Kamal K. Pandey 2020).

### Candidate Experience and UI/UX Design

Scholarly works underscore the significance of candidate experience in recruitment and admissions processes (Perdana Mandiri 2021), emphasizing UI/UX design principles for developing user-friendly virtual interview platforms. Accessibility, intuitive navigation, clear communication, and personalized interactions are identified as critical elements for enhancing candidate experience and overall satisfaction (Bojana Lobe David L 2022).

### Cost Reduction and Efficiency

Research highlights the cost-saving potential of virtual interviews by eliminating the need for physical infrastructure, travel expenses, and logistical arrangements associated with in-person interviews (Bojana Lobe David L 2022). However, scholars stress the importance of balancing cost reduction with maintaining the quality of candidate assessment through workflow optimization and technological efficiencies.

### Legal and Ethical Consideration

The use of AI in recruitment raises pertinent legal and ethical concerns regarding data privacy, discrimination, and adherence to regulatory frameworks such as GDPR and EEOC guidelines (Keith E 2022-2023). Scholars advocate for ensuring fairness, transparency, and accountability in AI-driven recruitment practices to mitigate potential risks and uphold candidate rights.

### Significance of AI in Recruitment

AI holds immense promise in reshaping the recruitment landscape by automating processes, reducing biases, and enabling data-driven decision-making (Shahriar Akter 2021). Through advanced data analytics, AI algorithms can identify patterns, predict candidate success, and optimize talent matching, leading to improved hiring outcomes and organizational performance.

**Table Component :**

<b>Advantages</b>	<b>Description</b>
Convenience and Flexibility	Candidates can participate from anywhere with an internet connection, facilitating global talent acquisition and accommodating remote work environments.
Objective and Consistent Evaluation	AI algorithms standardize assessment criteria, reduce biases, and ensure fairness in candidate evaluation, leading to consistent and unbiased hiring decisions.
Scalability	Virtual interviews efficiently handle large volumes of candidates while maintaining quality and consistency, allowing organizations to scale their recruitment efforts effectively.
Cost Reduction	Eliminates the need for physical infrastructure, travel expenses, and logistical arrangements associated with in-person interviews, resulting in significant cost savings for organizations.
Enhanced Candidate Experience	UI/UX design principles prioritize user-friendly interfaces, clear communication, and personalized interactions, fostering engagement and satisfaction among candidates.



**Application Flowchart:**

Fig 1. Flow chart

Key Themes and Trends

**Shift towards Virtual Interviews:** The increasing adoption of virtual interviews reflects a paradigm shift in recruitment practices, driven by technological advancements and the need for remote-friendly solutions.

**AI-Powered Recruitment** AI has emerged as a game-changer in recruitment, offering automation, efficiency, and objectivity in candidate assessment processes.

**Enhanced Candidate Experience:** UI/UX design and personalized interactions play crucial roles in enhancing candidate experience, fostering engagement, and improving overall satisfaction.

**Cost Savings and Efficiency:** Virtual interviews offer cost-saving opportunities through reduced overheads and streamlined processes, albeit with a need to maintain assessment quality.

**Ethical and Legal Implications:** Ethical considerations surrounding AI-driven recruitment underscore the importance of fairness, transparency, and compliance with regulatory standards.

Implications for Virtual Interview Application

**User-Centric Design:** Emphasizing intuitive interfaces, clear communication, and personalized interactions to enhance candidate experience and satisfaction.

**AI Integration:** Leveraging AI-driven assessment tools for objective candidate evaluation while Ensuring adherence to ethical and legal standards.

**Cost-Effectiveness:** Balancing cost-saving measures with the quality of candidate assessment through optimized workflows and efficient resource allocation.

## SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE:

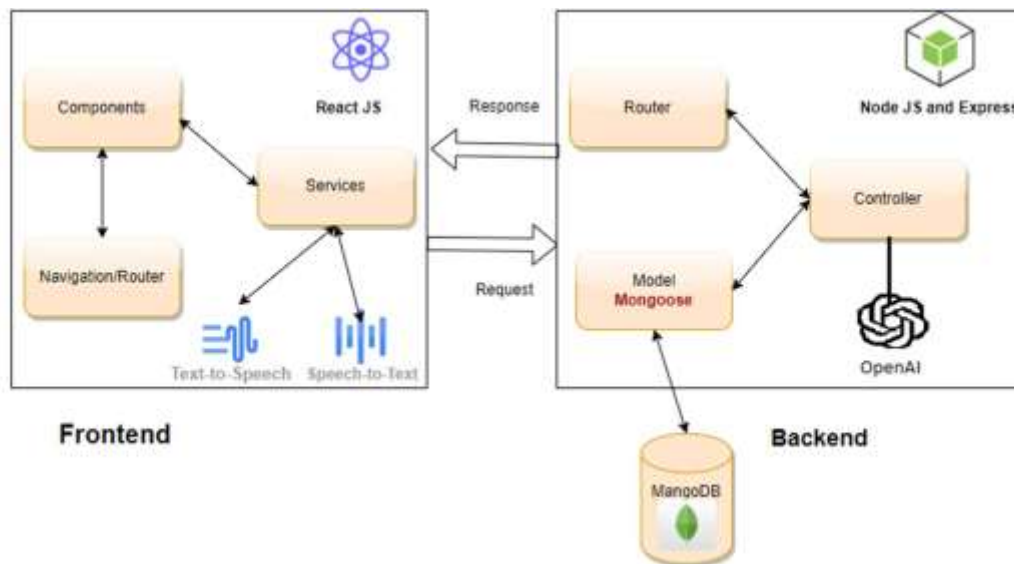


Fig 2. System Architecture

## IV. Implementation

### Frontend Development

The frontend development process using React.js is advancing steadily. We have successfully implemented the user interface (UI) design, incorporating essential features such as interview scheduling, question selection, and candidate feedback. The UI design aims to provide a visually appealing and intuitive experience for both interviewers and candidates.

### Backend Development

Backend development using Node.js is also in progress. We are actively working on implementing the application's logic, which includes handling various interview processes, integrating AI-driven assessment tools, and managing data storage in MongoDB. This involves creating robust APIs, implementing authentication mechanisms, and ensuring data security and integrity.

### AI Integration

The integration of AI technologies, such as ChatGPT for asking interview questions and AI-driven assessment tools for analyzing candidate responses, is currently underway. We are conducting initial tests and evaluations to ensure the compatibility and accuracy of these AI functionalities. This involves fine-tuning algorithms, optimizing models, and addressing any technical challenges that may arise.

### Usability Testing

Preliminary usability testing has been conducted to gather feedback on the application's interface and functionality. This process involves recruiting participants to perform specific tasks within the application while observing their interactions and collecting feedback. Identified usability issues are being addressed iteratively through design iterations and feature enhancements to improve

theoveralluserexperience.

### Strategies for Improvement Collaborative Problem-Solving

We are fostering cross-functional collaboration among team members, stakeholders, and technical experts to address technical challenges and ensure alignment with project objectives. This collaborative approach encourages knowledge sharing, creativity, and innovation, enabling us to overcome obstacles more effectively.

### Agile Methodology

We have adopted agile development methodologies, such as Scrum or Kanban, to facilitate iterative development and adaptive planning. Agile methodologies allow us to break down the project into manageable tasks, prioritize work based on value and urgency, and respond quickly to changing requirements and challenges.

### Continuous Communication

Maintaining open communication channels with stakeholders and project sponsors is essential for managing expectations, addressing concerns, and fostering transparency throughout the project lifecycle. Regular meetings, progress updates, and status reports are utilized to keep stakeholders informed and engaged, ensuring alignment with project goals and objectives.

### Resource Allocation

We continuously assess resource needs and reallocate resources as necessary to mitigate timeline constraints and ensure project progress remains on track. This involves monitoring resource utilization, identifying bottlenecks, and making adjustments to staffing, budget, and other resources as needed to maintain project momentum and meet deliverables.

### Home Page:

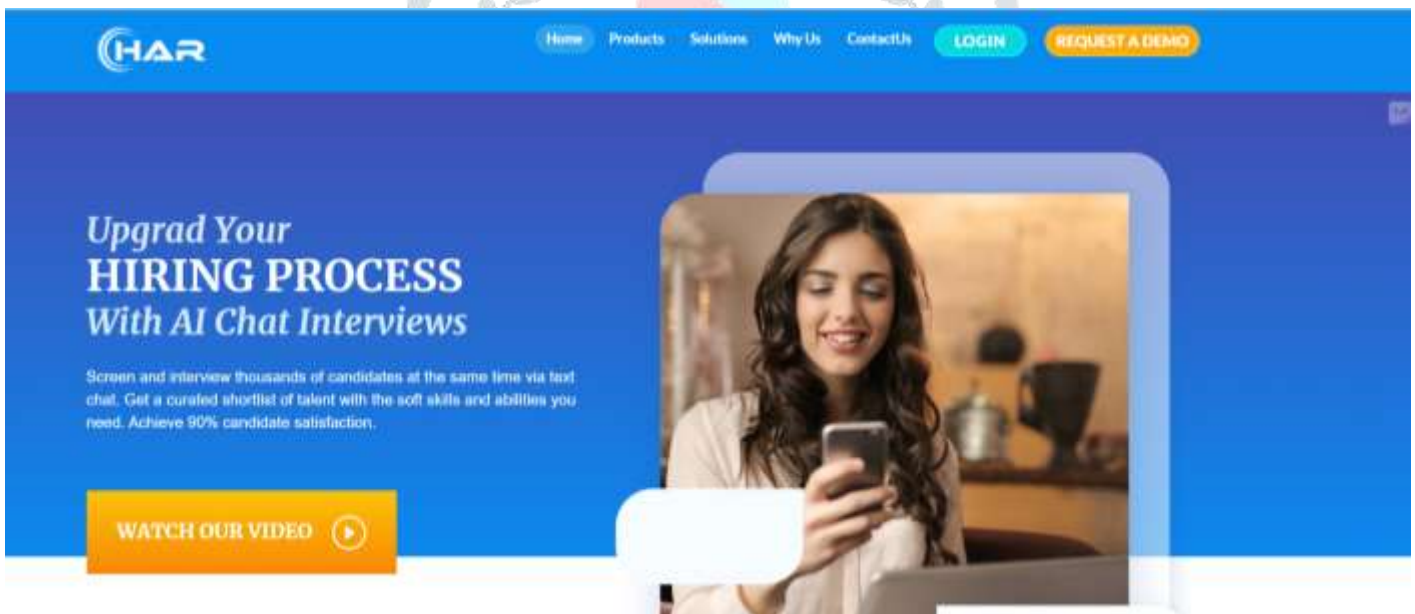


Fig 3. Home Page

### Acquisition and Integration of Azure Services

#### Azure Speech to Text Service:

The Azure Speech to Text service was acquired and integrated into the project to provide real-time transcription of spoken language into written text. This service utilizes advanced machine learning algorithms to accurately transcribe audio input into text format. The functionality enables users to interact with the virtual interview application using voice commands, thereby enhancing accessibility and usability.

#### Implementation of the Azure Speech to Text service involves several steps:

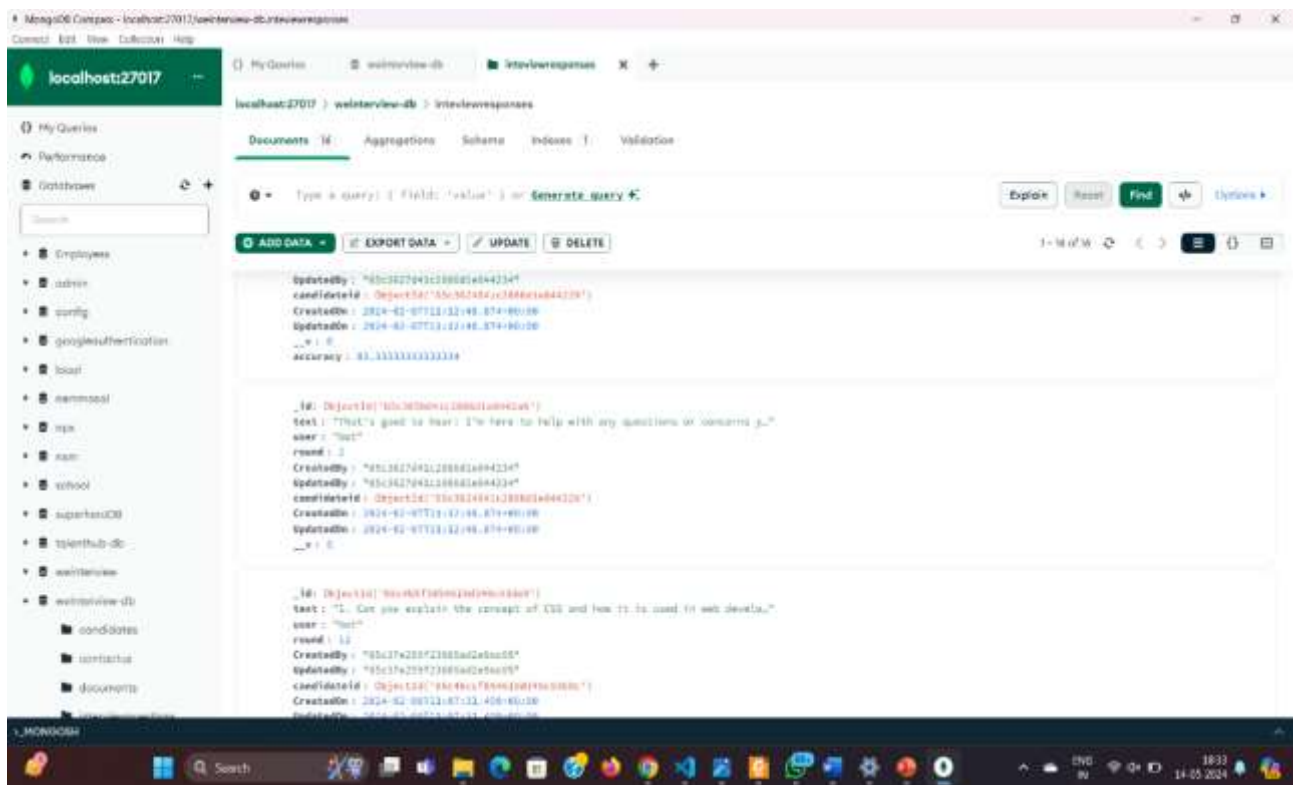
##### Acquisition

The Azure Speech to Text service is acquired through the Azure portal, where appropriate subscription plans are selected based on the project's requirements and usage volume.





## Accuracy of Question and Answers:



## VII. CONCLUSION

### Summary of Achievements and Milestones:

In conclusion, the project has made significant progress towards its objectives, including the acquisition and integration of AI-driven technologies, the development of innovative features such as mock interviews and feedback mechanisms, and the implementation of rigorous testing and validation processes.

### Reflections on Project Journey and Learning Experiences:

The project journey has been both challenging and rewarding, with valuable lessons learned along the way. Challenges such as technical complexities, resource constraints, and timeline pressures were overcome through teamwork, innovation, and perseverance, leading to personal and professional growth for team members.

### Implications for Future Research and Industry Applications:

The project has broader implications for future research and industry applications in the field of HR and recruitment. By demonstrating the potential of AI-driven technologies to transform HR practices, the project paves the way for continued innovation and advancement in the field, with opportunities for collaboration, exploration, and knowledge

## VIII. FUTURE SCOPE

The future scope of AI virtual interview apps includes:

Advanced Natural Language Processing (NLP) for better understanding and responding to candidate responses. Personalization of interview experiences based on individual candidate backgrounds and skills. Integration of audio, video, and text-based analysis for comprehensive candidate assessment. Real-time feedback and coaching to help candidates improve their performance during interviews. Bias mitigation through algorithms designed to minimize unconscious bias in evaluations.

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